CLEAN COPY OF THE CLAIMS

1. An isolated DNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.

E2 sub F1 2. A host cell comprising an isolated DNA according to claim 1.

G1 4 ~~3~~. (Four Times Amended) A vector molecule comprising an isolated DNA according to claim 3 ~~1~~.

5 ~~4~~. A vector molecule according to claim 4 ~~3~~ comprising transcriptional control sequences.

3 ~~7~~. An isolated DNA comprising a nucleic acid sequence that encodes the polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.

6 ~~8~~. A host cell comprising a vector molecule according to claim 4 ~~3~~.

E3 7 ~~10~~. A vertebrate host cell which can be propagated in vitro and which is capable upon growth in culture of producing a polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2, wherein said cell comprises at least one transcriptional control sequence that is not a human adlican transcriptional control sequence, wherein said one or more transcriptional control sequences control transcription of DNA encoding a polypeptide with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.

8 ~~11~~. A vertebrate cell according to claim 7 ~~10~~ wherein said one or more transcriptional control DNA sequences are non-human transcriptional control sequences.

9 ~~20~~. A method for producing a polypeptide which comprises:

culturing a host cell having incorporated therein an expression vector containing an exogenously-derived DNA of claim 3 ~~1~~ under conditions sufficient for expression of a polypeptide encoded by the DNA of claim 3 ~~1~~ in the host cell, thereby causing the production of an expressed polypeptide; and

recovering the polypeptide produced by said cell.

10 ~~21~~. An isolated DNA molecule with a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence of the isolated DNA according to claim 1.